### English

Use a joined handwriting style.

Understand a range of prefixes and suffixes.

Spell homophones.

Use dictionaries to check spellings

Use the possessive apostrophe in regular plurals.

Discussing writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and arammar

Discuss and record ideas.

Organise writing into simple paragraphs.

Proof read for punctuation and spelling.

Create simple settings, characters and plots in narratives.

In non-narrative material, use simple organisational devices.

Assess own and other's writing and suggest improvements.

Use a wide range of conjunctions.

avoid repetition.

#### Readina

Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes, both to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words they meet.

Develop positive attitudes to reading and understanding of what they

- increasing familiarity with a range of books, including fairly stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally.
- asking simple questions to improve their understanding of a
- beginning to identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning.
- listening to and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.
- developing understanding of what they read by beginning to use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read.
- Choose nouns or pronouns appropriately for clarity and cohesion and to discussing some words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.
  - explaining the meaning of words in context

### lMathematics

Count from 0 in multiples of 100.

Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given

Recognise the place value of each Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and words.

Compare and order numbers up to 1000.

Identify, represent and estimate numbers to 1000 using different representations.

Add and subtract numbers mentally.

Add and subtract numbers up to 3-digits.

Solve problems including missing number problems, using number fats, Solve 1-step and 2-step questions using information in scaled bar charts, place value and more complex addition and subtraction.

Add and subtract numbers with up to 3-digits using formal written methods.

Estimate an answer to a calculation and check using the inverse operation

Recall and use multiplication and division facts for 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.

Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division suing the multiplication tables that they know, including 2-digit numbers multiplied by single digit numbers, mentally and progressing to

Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m. Draw 2-d shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials. Recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.

pictograms and tables. Recognise right angles as a property of shapes or a description of a turn. Identify right angles.

Identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.

## Art & Design

This area of the curriculum will be covered in the Spring term.

### Computing

lse technology safely.

spresso coding

## Design & Technology

Understand and use electrical systems in their products [for example, series circuits, incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and

Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.

Design, make and evaluate a functional product.

d use a wider range of tools and equipmer ractical tasks

## Geography

Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe feature

Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United

Kingdom and the wider world.

Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies. Understand how some of human and physical aspects have changed over time

#### Modern Languages

isten attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.

Explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and hymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words. ngage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express pinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and

peak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic anguage structures.

pevelop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others nderstand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words

### Music

exts, using their voices Play and perform in solo and nsemble co

### Science

Recognise that they need light in order t that dark is the absence of light

Notice that light is reflected from surfaces.

Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes.

Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object.

Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.

Identify common appliances that run on electricity.

Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers.

Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a

Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.

Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals vith being good conductors.

## History

his area of the curriculum will be covered in the Spring term.

#### Physical Fducation

Perform dances using simple movement patterns Perform dances using a range of techniques

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrat

improvement to achieve their personal best.

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics].

# Religious

**Fducation** 

Tell a Sikk story and say some things that people

Talk about some of the things that are the same for different religious people.

Know and understand what the 5K's are and what they symbolise.