

24.3.2020

Q page 32: I think that 'thus pinioned' means he has been trapped by Beowulf. He used this because the language is more dramatic and interesting.

D page 37: The similes, alliteration and metaphors make Grendel sound more scary. They also make you think that Beowulf is amazingly talented because he defeated Grendel who can rip humans to shreds.

Alliteration	Similes	Metaphors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • furious fight • horrible hand • fersome fingers • war weapons • gouging and gashing • Beowulf's bravery • strong and sharp 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the nails as strong and sharp as steel. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • each a vicious war-weapon • spur-talon

his face looked like a rabbit about to be eaten by a fox.

as sharp as a bread knife.

glimmering gold

his scales glowed in a vibrant shade of teal.

25.3.2020

Verb	Volume Adverb	Mood Adverb	Speed Adverb
Shouting	Loudly	Roodly	Manically
Laughing	Noisily	Uncontrollably	Rapidly
Screaming	Deafeningly	Merrily	Frantically
Fighting	Quietly	Furiously	Hastily
Hugging		Happily	Briefly

Fierce, frightening, fangs,

Angry, athletic, arms

Slithering, sliding, snake

Hideous, haunted, house

their bodies were tangled together
like ivy.



his face looked like
a rabbit about to be
eaten by a fox.

as sharp
as a bread
knife.

glimmering
gold

his scales glowed in
a vibrant shade of
teal.

massive muscles

a tornado of
rage swept over
him.

his hair was wispy,
fluffy and a golden
yellow colour.

Beowulf had the
strength of a rhino.

flickering fire

25.3.2010

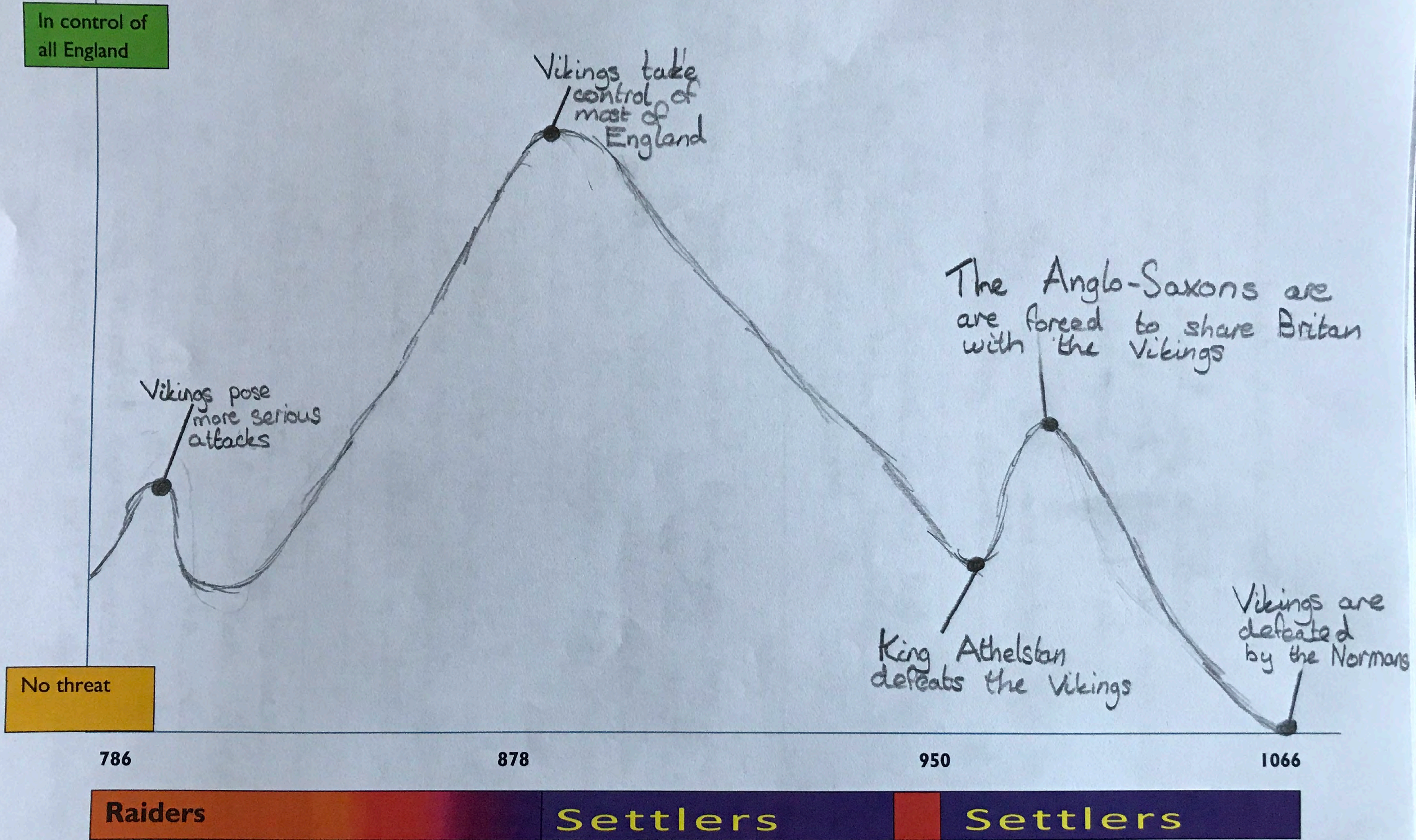
As Beowulf crept ^{noisily} towards the ~~currently~~ sleeping Sea monster ^{which} ~~that~~ cast deep dark shadows across the sea bed. With a sudden jolt the monster rose up, rising above Beowulf making him seem the size of a small, lonesome bit of plankton. However, as small as he seemed he drew his sword it was a silvery colour and glimmered in the ^{rippling} waves above ~~there~~ ^{their} heads. With a quick sharp movement he jabbed his sword at the creature's leg; consequently nothing happened apart from the weapon shattering into one-thousand pieces all flying in completely different directions. Nothing could ^{pierce} ~~reach~~ the monster's vibrant teal skin, which was like a coat of steel armour.

Apart from brute force, ^{that is} ~~so~~ Beowulf the brave warrior ^{hurled} ~~hurled~~ himself towards the beast, grabbing its foot. Beowulf would not loosen his grip. They were stuck in a deadly embrace. Tangled like ivy, locked like a padlock. Nothing could bring them apart, or could it...

Suddenly something gave way and a quiet but ^{petrifying} ~~hearable~~ tearing sound was heard by both the demon and the man. Gushes of ^{thick} blood poured from ~~was~~ ^{what} ~~where~~ used to be a limb. The monster ran as far far as she ^{could} into the darkness ^{of} ~~into~~ her lair ~~to~~ to die. a slow painful death.

Keystage history 1 2 3 4

KQ3: The Highs and Lows of the Vikings in 'England': a living graph 786-1066



RE

IT

SCIENCE

HISTORY

○ They look scary, tough and fearless

No, because we should look at them like any other part of history and not make opinions of whether they were savage or good-natured.

It says they were bad, ~~and~~ killed for fun and stole whatever they pleased.

It is different because in this text it says they were they ^{farmers} ~~farmed~~ and made ~~beautiful~~ beautiful jewels on the other hand they still terrorized and killed people.

They may have discovered that ~~the~~ monks wrote inaccurate passages, farming tools, and other possible discoveries that may determine people's opinions on whether the Vikings were ~~of~~ pleasant and skillful people or not

They look happier and more joyful and there ~~are~~ are not axes or ~~swords~~ swords in hand also there is a ~~Christian~~ lady in the picture

○ I think ^{it was} they were the monks because the Vikings and monks had ~~the~~ differing opinions on religion so as the monks were the only people able to write anything down the only recorded written evidence was that the Vikings were not ~~to~~ very nice people.

I think it comes from the 1965 book
because the Vikings look very fearsome
and look like they are in an aggressive battle
because there are lots of arrows and
spears

Alfred the great

- Alfred built good fortresses that ensured safety from any attacking forces such as the Vikings.

- Many at time did Alfred say sorry to an enemy he had just defeated in a battle.

- Alfred helped the church in many ways including: helping the church become more popular.

Alfred the not-so-great

- A lot of Alfred's forts were built on top of an old Roman or Iron age hill fort.

- Alfred spied on his enemy's and gathered information on undercover assignments.

- The Pope blessed Alfred and consequently Alfred won the throne after his eldest brother died.

Although Alfred probably did some very good things I don't think he was all that great because the church wrote all the evidence and they gained from any of Alfred's success so they would only write good things about him.